

السنة الأولى

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Established 1887

Women and Slaves

TODAY'S WEATHER—PARIS: Sunny. Temp. 54-61 (44-51). Tomorrow: Little change. Yesterday's temp. 55-57 (45-51). LONDON: Sunny periods. Temp. 54-61 (44-51). Tomorrow: Little change. Yesterday's temp. 55-57 (45-51). NEW YORK: Partly cloudy. Temp. 54-61 (44-51). Tomorrow: Partly cloudy. Yesterday's temp. 55-57 (45-51). ADDITIONAL WEATHER—PAGE 2

Austria	..... 7.5	Libya	..... 9	Poland	..... 12
Belgium	..... 10	Luxembourg	..... 12	Portugal	..... 12
Denmark	..... 12	Netherlands	..... 12	Spain	..... 12
France	..... 12	Norway	..... 12	Sweden	..... 12
Germany	..... 12	Switzerland	..... 12	Turkey	..... 12
Greece	..... 12	U.S. Military	..... 12	Yugoslavia	..... 12
Italy	..... 12				
Japan	..... 12				
South Africa	..... 12				
U.S.	..... 12				
U.S.S.R.	..... 12				
U.K.	..... 12				

Nixon to Curb Building Trade Wages, Prices

By Carroll Kilpatrick

SAN CLEMENTE, Calif., March 29 (WP)—President Nixon today ordered a "system of constraints" on wages and prices in the construction industry. It is designed to check inflationary forces in that industry and to serve as a warning to other industries.

Death for Manson, 3 Women

(Story on Page 3)

NEW YORK, March 29 (AP)—The Supreme Court today sentenced Charles Manson to death for the slaying of a pregnant woman and three other women.

New Setback On Concorde Delivery Date

LONDON, March 29 (AP)—The British-French supersonic airliner Concorde is not now expected to be ready to enter service until at least the fall of 1974, it was disclosed today.

Mass Killings, More Fighting Reported

INDIA, March 29 (AP)—Private efforts were under way here today to organize Indian volunteer groups to cross the border into East Pakistan to aid "liberation forces" resisting the Pakistani Army.

Dacca Civilians 'Stunned' By Killings, Witness Says

As the Pakistan Army attacked strongholds of independence in Dacca last Thursday, newsmen were confined to their hotel and told that they would be shot if they left. The newsmen were then deported. AP photographer Michel Laurent evaded the army and managed to tour devastated areas of the city. After being stripped and searched in Dacca and Karachi and having notes and film confiscated, he brought back the following report and some film he managed to smuggle out.

Pompidou Said To Plan Flight On Concorde

PARIS, March 29 (AP)—President Georges Pompidou is expected to fly from Paris to Toulouse aboard the French prototype of the supersonic Concorde. He is expected to take the trip on May 7 or 8.



LIGHT OF CIVIL WAR—Huge flames and clouds of smoke rise from the area of Dacca University in this picture taken by ABC-TV cameraman Ted Koppel, who smuggled a roll of film out of the country when foreign newsmen were expelled by the army.



BOMBED OUT—East Pakistanis stand among the ruins of their homes destroyed by army artillery in an attack of Dacca autonomist strongholds. This photo was taken and smuggled out of the country by Associated Press photographer Michel Laurent.

India Volunteers Eye Pakistan Role

By James P. Sterba

CALCUTTA, March 29 (NYT)—Private efforts were under way here today to organize Indian volunteer groups to cross the border into East Pakistan to aid "liberation forces" resisting the Pakistani Army.

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By Michel Laurent

DACCA (AP)—After two days and nights of shelling in which perhaps 7,000 Pakistanis died in Dacca alone, the Pakistan Army appears to have crushed Sheikh Mujibur Rahman's 35 days of defiance in East Pakistan.

The army, which attacked without warning on Thursday night with infantry, artillery and American-supplied M-48 tanks, destroyed large parts of the city. Its attack was aimed at the university, the populous old city, where Sheikh Mujib, the Awami League leader, had his strongest following, and the industrial areas on the outskirts of the city of 1.5 million people.

Tours of the battle areas on Saturday and Sunday gave the impression that obviously the city had been taken without warning. The battle areas were still burning.

At the university, some students' bodies still lay in their dormitory beds. The dormitories had taken direct hits of tank shells.

May Get Death Calley Is Guilty In My Lai Trial

FORT BENNING, Ga., March 29 (Reuters)—First Lt. William L. Calley Jr. was convicted today of murdering at least 22 people in the South Vietnamese village of My Lai during a massacre of civilians by American soldiers.

Lt. Calley, 27, had been charged with murdering 102 people; he faced four specific charges: killing or ordering to be killed 30 people in the village, killing or ordering to be killed 70 people in a ditch, killing an elderly monk, and killing a baby.

Lt. Calley was convicted of premeditated murder on the first three counts and assault with intent to kill on the fourth count. The jury found him guilty of one of the 30 deaths in the village and 20 of the 70 deaths in the ditch.

Lt. Calley was convicted of murdering the monk, and was found guilty of assault with intent to kill in the death of the baby.

The jury returns to its deliberations tomorrow to set the sentence. The maximum sentence on the first three charges is execution, and the minimum is life imprisonment.

Lt. Calley, of Miami, seemed to accept the verdict calmly. But one of his lawyers, George Lettner, declared, "Take my word for it, the boy is crushed. The attorney added, "The verdict was a horrendous decision for the United States Army, the United States of America and for my client."

He said the verdict would harm the Army because it placed in doubt whether a soldier should strictly obey an order.

When the jury of six Army officers entered the small courtroom, jammed with about 55 people—mostly newsmen from throughout the world—Lt. Calley stood and smartly saluted the foreman, Col. Clifford H. Ford, who immediately read the verdict.

After he learned his fate, Lt. Calley saluted again and walked from the courtroom between two of his four lawyers, Mr. Lettner and Maj. Kenneth Raby.

Lt. Calley was immediately taken by military police and confined in a stockade, in an office consisting of two small rooms. The cell is normally used by a chaplain as an office when not occupied by a prisoner.

While Lt. Calley is in prison a guard will stay with him in one of the rooms unless he is consulting his lawyers or being visited by members of his family.

The jury reached its verdict after deliberating for 79 hours and 58 minutes over a 13-day period. The trial had lasted four months.

Lt. Calley was relaxing in his Army base apartment when he learned from a defense lawyer, Capt. Brooks Doyle, that a verdict had been reached. He changed into his uniform and was driven to the court by Capt. Doyle.

Lt. Calley has at least three lawyers. (Continued on Page 2, Col. 6)



First Lt. William Calley

Hanoi's Le Duan to Attend 24th Soviet Congress Today

By Bernard Gwertzman

MOSCOW, March 29 (NYT)—Le Duan, North Vietnam's Communist party leader, arrived in Moscow Saturday together with ranking Viet Cong and Laotian Communist officials to attend the 24th Soviet party Congress, which opens tomorrow and to discuss recent developments in Indochina with top Soviet leaders.

It will be the first opportunity for Mr. Duan to confer with Leonid I. Brezhnev, the Soviet party leader, and other Kremlin officials since his lengthy visit here last April and May.

Since then, the Vietnam war has expanded into neighboring Laos and Cambodia with Hanoi directing the Communist operations. Officially, Moscow lends full support to the Communist troops in Southeast Asia, but Western diplomats here believe that the Kremlin may be concerned about Hanoi's overextending itself and the apparent increase in Communist China's influence in Hanoi.

China's Premier Chou En-lai recently visited North Vietnam to pledge China's direct support if the United States widened the war further. And Le Duan, the Viet Cong and Pathet Lao delegations all stopped in Peking on their way to Moscow to confer again with Mr. Chou.

Peking launched a stinging attack today on Russia's brand of Communism. The Chinese party journal Red Flag, quoted by Radio Peking, said the Soviet Union was perverting Marxism-Leninism to achieve world domination, Reuters reported from Hong Kong.

There is no need for them to (Continued on Page 2, Col. 3)

Study Group Says Russia Outflanked U.S. in Mideast

LONDON, March 29 (UPI)—The Soviet Union has armed Egypt with "the most powerful air defense system outside NATO and the Warsaw Pact" and outflanked the United States politically in the Middle East, the Institute for Strategic Studies said today.

The most prominent feature of Soviet policy in the Middle East during 1970 was the "outflanking of the United States," said the study.

The institute, founded in 1958 as an international defense studies center, has a staff of military experts, economists, political scientists, geographers and other specialists from 15 countries. Its (Continued on Page 2, Col. 4)

Continued on Page 2, Col. 1

Sporadic Shooting in Amman

Jordan Army, Guerrillas Still Skirmishing

AMMAN, March 29 (UPI)—The clashes between the government and guerrillas continued today with occasional gunfire and explosions restricting movement in Amman and Jordan's western regions.

Israel Press Reports Refusal Of a U.S. Plan to Open Canal

TEL AVIV, March 29 (UPI)—Two Israeli newspapers said today the government will not agree to a partial pullback from the Suez Canal as part of the U.S. plan to reopen the waterway until Egypt ends its state of belligerency.

The Jerusalem Post and Ma'ariv carried the reports as the latest American proposal, presented by Assistant Secretary of State Joseph P. Sisco, moved to the fore in Middle East diplomatic maneuvers.

Ma'ariv said Defense Ministry experts were examining the U.S. plan calling, in effect, for an Israeli pullback from the canal in exchange for its reopening.

"Israel would consider proposals for the opening of the Suez Canal only if a partial agreement with Egypt could bring about a formal termination of the state of belligerency and on the condition that any moves toward a military disengagement on the canal front are mutual," the Post said.

No Strategic Advantage
Ma'ariv said Israel is "prepared, in principle, to consider the plan on the condition that Egypt will not get a strategic advantage and on the condition that there

will be no withdrawal until the sides agree to peace."
As reported by Ma'ariv, the two-stage U.S. plan calls first for the dredging of the canal in return for Egyptian acceptance of a cease-fire and a token pullback of Israeli troops from the waterway.

The second stage, Ma'ariv said, provides for reopening the canal in exchange for an Egyptian willingness to let Israeli ships through.

The U.S. proposals as outlined by Mr. Sisco were reported to call on Israel to withdraw 25 miles from the waterway instead of to El Arish, as outlined in a similar plan for reopening the canal put forward by President Anwar Sadat of Egypt.

Israeli Premier Golda Meir turned down such an extensive pullback as advocated by Mr. Sadat but left open the possibility of negotiating on this subject in hopes of reaching a partial agreement with Egypt.

Disarming Sinai Rejected
CAIRO, March 29 (Reuters)—The 360-member Egyptian National Assembly announced here today it rejected "under any circumstances" the idea of demilitarizing the Sinai Peninsula.

The assembly passed a resolution saying the demilitarization of Sinai, mentioned as part of a possible Middle East settlement, would be an attempt to end Egypt's sovereignty over its territory.

Egypt Restores Arab Guerrilla Radio Program
CAIRO, March 29 (NYT)—Egypt restored radio broadcasting rights to the Palestinian movement today, ending an eight-month suspension during diplomatic efforts for a peaceful settlement of the conflict with Israel.

Palestinian broadcasts over the Cairo Radio were banned last July 28, five days after President Nasser announced acceptance of a U.S. initiative for a cease-fire along the Suez Canal and indirect negotiations with Israel.

Cairo's ban on the Palestinian programs followed critical remarks about acceptance of the cease-fire and the search for a political solution.

Two programs were suspended. One was Voice of Assifa, a program of El-Falah, the largest of the Palestinian guerrilla movements. The other program was the Voice of Palestine, operated by the Palestine Liberation Organization.

The official Egyptian Middle East News Agency reported that the Voice of Assifa had received authorization to resume broadcasting today. There was no immediate indication whether the Voice of Palestine would likewise benefit.

activity in Amman for the second day and guerrillas reported that their positions in the Ajloun Hills, to the northwest, came under "heavy fire" last night.

In the north, government troops swept through the town of Irbid after three days of fighting sparked by the discovery of a guerrilla arms cache Friday. At last report, the government forces were still encountering sporadic resistance, but the town was generally calm.

A guerrilla spokesman in Cairo said 200 guerrillas and civilians have been killed and more than 400 wounded in the Irbid fighting.

Government troops searching the area also have arrested about 1,000 persons and blown up the homes of guerrillas and their supporters in the area, he said.

The clashes, initially restricted to the Irbid area, spread to Amman yesterday when government troops opened fire on several hundred women and schoolgirls protesting against the violence.

Hospital spokesmen said two women were killed and nine other persons, including a nine-year-old girl, were wounded in the incident, although government officials denied there were any casualties.

Later, shooting spread to several other parts of the city. It was continuing on a widely scattered basis through noon today.

The Jordanian parliament meanwhile endorsed King Hussein's security policies in a unanimous vote.

The Middle East News Agency said guerrilla leader Yasser Arafat sent a message to Egyptian President Anwar Sadat briefing him on the situation, but it gave no details. Mr. Arafat earlier described the government's actions as a "massacre."

Kasafiy Urges Ouster
BEIRUT, March 29 (UPI)—Libyan Premier Mosamer Kasafiy yesterday urged the Jordanian Army to overthrow King Hussein and called for the establishment of a liberation front to replace the present regime.

In a speech marking the first anniversary of the British troop withdrawal from Libya, Col. Kasafiy said if his country were on Jordan's border, "we would have interfered on the guerrillas' side."

Shew of Disapproval
CAIRO, March 29 (UPI)—Egypt said today it withdrew the Egyptian chief of the Arab peace team in Jordan to show its disapproval and condemnation of the Jordanian government's crackdown against the Palestinian guerrillas.

Earlier today, Mr. Riad warned French Foreign Minister Maurice Schumann that Israel was creating a serious situation in the Middle East. "We hope Israel will change its attitude and answer Mr. Jarring's proposals in a positive way as we did," Mr. Riad told newsmen following the meeting.

French sources said that the Egyptian foreign minister emphasized the danger of new fighting if the deadlock was not broken. The French source said that France still believed it was up to the Big Four to keep the situation from deteriorating.

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Mr. Riad is here for a conference of top-level Egyptian diplomats to inform them of the deadlock so they in turn can inform their host governments of the Egyptian position.

Interpreters Present
Only interpreters were present while Pope Paul and Mr. Tito conferred in the Pontiff's private library in the Vatican's Apostolic Palace.

Mr. Tito then delivered an address stressing that Yugoslavia had a vital interest in the establishment of lasting peace in Europe and in the Mediterranean area.

"It is therefore understandable that we devote special attention to the crisis in the Middle East and to the grave dangers inherent in it," the Yugoslav president said.

"Yugoslavia is making the utmost effort to contribute within its possibilities to a peaceful settlement of the crisis so that the consequences of the war of aggression in June, 1967, may be eliminated and all peoples and countries in that region may live in peace and security."

Mr. Tito also voiced concern about recent developments in Southeast Asia and Africa. He said the views of Yugoslavia and the Vatican on the major international problems were "close and identical" and expressed the hope that their relations may continue to develop favorably.

In his reply, Pope Paul, speaking in Italian, professed "respect and affectionate esteem" for Yugoslavia, with its many Roman Catholics. Recalling that Yugoslavians' peoples had often undergone trials and adversities, the Pope remarked that their vocation was to be a bridge between different and often conflicting cultures.

Pope Paul noted that, under President Tito's guidance, Yugoslavia had extended its international influence even outside Europe and praised what he termed his visitor's efforts for peace and better international understanding.

The Pope said that he, too, hoped that the collaboration between the Vatican and Yugoslavia may become increasingly close. He made no direct reference to the Middle East situation in his public reply.

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كلمات اليوم

Attacking North Vietnam Took Initiative Leading to Partial Bomb Halt in North

WASHINGTON, March 29 (UPI)—Former Secretary of Defense Dean Rusk, a popular critic of Vietnam war critics, attacked the initiative which took the bombing halt to North Vietnam on March 29, 1968, after becoming convinced that a Pentagon proposal for sending 206,000 more men to Vietnam was not realistic.

Black House Unit Acts to Expand Role

WASHINGTON, March 29 (UPI)—The House of Representatives is making a move to assume leadership of black nationalities in the House of Representatives.

High Temper Goeth Before A Sure Fall

LAKELAND, Fla., March 29 (AP)—Police said they needed no aviation experts to determine the cause of a private plane crash Saturday that slightly injured a man and his wife.

New Drug May Prevent Asthma, Ulcers, Childbirth

LOS ANGELES, March 29 (UPI)—A Harvard University researcher has announced the laboratory synthesis of the last two of the body's primary prostaglandins, a series of hormone-like substances that may find wide use in birth control and the treatment of asthma, ulcers, high blood pressure and other ailments.

Democrats to Act in Domestic Plan

LOUIS, March 29 (UPI)—Democratic National Chairman Francis P. O'Brien said yesterday he has enlisted Democratic mayors, governors and professional leaders in an effort to act on a domestic plan.

Order Crosser Killed

WEST GERMANY, March 29 (AP)—A German police officer today killed a man who was crossing the border into West Germany.

Michel Swiss

PARIS, March 29 (UPI)—A French police officer today shot and killed a man who was crossing the border into France.



FINE, HOW ARE YOU?—Danny the Chimp gives as good as he gets from Detroit Zoo director Robert Wilson, who was holding this consultation for Wayne University medical students in comparative medicine.

Cooper, Church Draft Plan For U.S. Indochina Pullout

WASHINGTON, March 29 (UPI)—Two senators who drafted last year's law against the use of U.S. ground combat troops in Laos, Cambodia and Thailand said they are nearing agreement on another proposal that would commit the nation to total withdrawal from Indochina.

Justice Dept. Reveals Bid To Free Hoffa

SAN CLEMENTE, Calif., March 29 (UPI)—Justice Department officials said yesterday that James R. Hoffa, whose application for parole will be reviewed Wednesday, considered and apparently rejected a bizarre scheme to enlist the support of the man who did as much as anyone else to put him in prison—Sen. John L. McClellan, D., Ark.

4,000 Petition Franco to Lift Special Curbs

MADRID, March 29 (Reuters)—A total of 4,000 workers, students and intellectuals have petitioned the government of Gen. Francisco Franco to lift special police powers, and called for an investigation into alleged brutal treatment of some detainees by police.

Cork Plant in Paris Is Swept by Fire

PARIS, March 29 (UPI)—A four-alarm fire tonight swept through the French factory of the American Crown Cork Co. Firemen said three persons, two of them firemen caught in a secondary explosion, were taken to hospital. All other employees on the night shift were thought to be safe, a spokesman said.

Hong Kong Stocks Put in Nosedive By Bomb Scare

HONG KONG, March 29 (Reuters)—A bomb scare swept this British colony today, hitting the stock market and reviving memories of leftist riots in 1967. Stock prices dipped by up to 2.5 percent on a broad front.

Congolese Gen. Mobutu In Paris on State Visit

PARIS, March 29 (AP)—Gen. Joseph-Désiré Mobutu of the Congo (Kinshasa) arrived today on the first official visit to France of a president of the former Belgian colony.

Mansfield Plans Bill To Cut GIs in Europe

WASHINGTON, March 29 (UPI)—Senate Democratic leader Mike Mansfield, of Montana, said yesterday that he plans to introduce shortly a bill aimed at reducing American troop levels in Western Europe.

Doctor Shifts, Calls Pot Use Mental Peril

BERKELEY, Calif., March 29.—A psychiatrist who once advocated legalization of marijuana now warns that the drug may have harmful long-range effects. Dr. Harvey Fowlson, director of the student psychiatric clinic at the University of California at Berkeley, said that his shift in opinion is the result of treating about 500 students over the last five years.

College Sets Up Major in Peace

NEW YORK, March 29 (AP)—Manhattan College of Riverdale, N.Y., has become the first institution in the nation to establish an undergraduate major in the study of peace, a spokesman for the college said. The new major, which will be available to students beginning in September, will be an interdisciplinary one for undergraduates "interested in the problems of peaceful resolution of conflict and stability in community and world affairs."

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After Ten Hours Deliberation Jury Gives Death Sentences To Manson and Three Girls

LOS ANGELES, March 29 (UPI)—Death in the gas chamber was decreed for Charles Manson and three women followers today for the slaughter of Sharon Tate and six other persons in August, 1969. Superior Court Judge Charles Older is expected to pronounce formal sentencing within 21 days on Manson, 36; Susan Atkins, 22; Patricia Krenwinkel, 23, and Leslie Van Houten, 21.

Arson Suspected In 2 Big Fires In Atlantic City

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., March 29 (UPI)—Atlantic City's second suspicious fire in 12 hours destroyed a commercial fishing pier and at least five waterfront buildings, including an abandoned old hotel, after a series of explosions early today. No injuries were reported.

Imports to Boycott Paris Automobile Show

PARIS, March 29 (AP)—The annual Paris Auto Salon will be held this year Oct. 7 to 17, despite recent speculation, but French importers of foreign cars will boycott the event, it was announced here today.

36 Die in Rio Storm

RIO DE JANEIRO, March 29 (Reuters)—A fierce rainstorm, accompanied by high wind, hit this city during the night, and municipal authorities said today that at least 36 people died.

Lawyer's Body Thought Found

LOS ANGELES, March 29 (UPI)—The badly decomposed body of a man believed to be missing Tate trial attorney Ronald Hughes has been found, police said earlier today. The body, described as large

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Moscow—And Chicago

It would be an over-simplification to describe the 24th Congress of the Soviet Communist party as simply an audience for Leonid Brezhnev, the party's general secretary. For although whatever was truly collective in the Soviet leadership since the fall of Nikita Khrushchev has been progressively eroded, leaving Mr. Brezhnev in an increasingly lonely eminence, there are forces and power complexes in the Soviet Union that even a Brezhnev must take into account. And this is quite apart from the international flavor of the Congress, which imposes its own inhibitions on the Kremlin. The days when Stalin simply summoned his foreign satraps to Moscow to receive orders is past—despite the fate of Czechoslovakia.

Nevertheless, the Congress promises to be sufficiently monolithic to provide food for thought for those who despair of the American party system. It can be granted that the Republican and Democratic conventions of 1968 were not the most inspiring of their kind. It can be granted, too, that the police got out of hand in suppressing dissent when the Democrats gathered in Chicago. But when it is considered how greatly dissent shaped events at Chicago, and in the campaign, and in the subsequent course of the Nixon administration, the contrast with the meeting that opens today in Moscow is striking.

To be sure, the anti-war activists in the United States would say that the substitution of Humphrey for Johnson at Chicago did not end the war in Vietnam; that the election of Nixon did not end the war; that

the Nixon policies did not end the war. But seldom in the history of any nation has opposition to a policy entailing military action so transformed the political atmosphere—short of the revolutions that so often follow defeat.

American political instruments may be clumsy; they may be manipulated; they like any other human institution, leave their residue of disappointment. But in giving effect to Lincoln's dictum that you can't fool all of the people all of the time, they work. That is a modest enough expression of political absolutes; it will not satisfy the truly committed. But human beings can be truly committed to so many contradictory aspirations that the Lincoln statement at least represents a hope.

Consider if, in Moscow, a strong voice should be raised against the Brezhnev policies with respect to Czechoslovakia, the Middle East, the intellectuals. It probably would not affect his course, or that of the Soviet Union. Demonstrators in Red Square, supporting such a voice—assuming they were permitted to appear at all—would not do so. And Mr. Brezhnev might retort to his critics that he represents the Soviet Union's "silent majority"—and he might be right. But who can ever know? The Chicago convention was followed by an election in which the choice, to many Americans, seemed a choice of the lesser of two evils. But they could make sharper distinctions on the congressional level, even on local levels. And at least there was a choice. What choice have the peoples of the Soviet Union?

Policies of Paranoia

Without in any way condoning the theft of documents from an office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, one is tempted to ask: Who watches the watchman? Little confidence is inspired by the security measures of a security agency whose files can be so easily burglarized.

More disquieting than the bureau's internal security is the evidence, provided via the stolen files, of FBI incursions into political surveillance which far exceed legitimate efforts to protect the national interest. One need not minimize the seriousness of certain violent and lawless episodes in the recent history of student unrest to be disturbed by the FBI's measures of campus infiltration, especially its apparent stress on surveillance of black students and their organizations. Such procedures assume undertones of latent racial prejudice. With rare exceptions, the protests by Negro students have been concerned with their personal place in the academic community rather than with the revolutionary excesses of the white (or black) radical fringe.

The Justice Department replies that the main thrust of FBI activities has been distorted by the disclosure of only 14 documents

out of a total of 800 taken from the files. This argument offers small comfort to those whose right to privacy is improperly invaded. But even more dangerous are the consequences—clearly intentional—that flow from the widespread use of informers. These tactics, said an FBI newsletter, "will enhance the paranoia" among left-wing dissenters and "get the point across that there is an FBI agent behind every mailbox."

The dictionary definition of paranoia is "a mental disorder marked by delusions or irrational suspicions." It is difficult to be paranoid over police surveillance which, far from being a delusion, is carried out with such plainly stated intent.

Assistant Attorney General William H. Rehnquist recently denied that "political surveillance as currently practiced has a 'chilling effect' on the free expression of dissent. Apparently the FBI, the Justice Department's investigatory arm, disagrees. Could anything be more chilling than the knowledge that the federal government allows law enforcement to be perverted into a deliberate process of spreading fear and suspicion, on the campuses or anywhere else in a society that wants to remain free?"

THE NEW YORK TIMES

International Opinion

Another Pakistan Tragedy

Tragedy is unrolling in East Pakistan as inexorably as the tidal flood wave in the Bay of Bengal last autumn. The difference is that this time the deaths and the suffering are man-made. It seems a prime example of man's inhumanity to man, made worse by the fact that it could have been avoided—not just in recent months but over the years.

Should Gen. Yahya have acted as he now has? The answer depends on factors at present unknown or unclear. He could be proved justified if the action resulted, against all the odds, in yet producing a unified and peaceful Pakistan. This at the moment looks wildly improbable. The genie of Bengali nationalism and separatism is well and truly out of the bottle.

—From the Daily Telegraph (London).

A prolonged guerrilla struggle developing in the eastern province could expand the influence of those revolutionary parties in East Pakistan that look to China for leadership. Alternatively there is the long-term prospect that an independent East Bengal that had severed its ties with West Pakistan might want to foster closer links with West Bengal across the Indian frontier. The dream of a united Bengal would then certainly be floated, and India would have to face moves for secession in a state that had shown itself in the recent elections to be the prime stronghold of every kind of revolutionary political outlook.

—From The Times (London).

In the International Edition

Seventy-Five Years Ago

PARIS—From the mass of comments and views which are daily ground out by the press of various countries and creeds on the Egyptian question there is at least one deducible sentiment, and that is one of admiration, veiled or outspoken, for the astute manner in which Great Britain's foreign policy has been directed throughout the recent phase of events in the Nile Valley. Unwilling though they may be, tributes have come even from St. Petersburg.

Fifty Years Ago

NEW YORK—Two prominent American families were tragically in the news yesterday. Mrs. George M. Pullman, widow of the inventor of the Pullman car, died at the Hotel Raymond at the age of 79. She was known for giving large sums of her wealth to charity organizations. Meanwhile Mr. William Welch, son of the grape-juice magnate, was shot five times by hoodluggers yesterday in Westfield, New York. His wounds are so serious that he is not expected to live.



The Freedom to Speak

By Anthony Lewis

CAMBRIDGE, Mass.—Archibald Cox is a Harvard law professor who served with great distinction as Solicitor General of the United States. His well-known report on the troubles at Columbia University reflected a particular sympathy for students, and understanding of the reasons for their unrest. His person expresses a New England sense of moral conviction.

For all those reasons it was a moment of unusual drama and import when Archibald Cox faced a screaming, chanting audience at Sanders Theater, Harvard, last Friday night and tried to make these words heard: "If this meeting is disrupted, then liberty will have died a little. Freedom of speech is indivisible. You cannot deny it to one man and save it for others. The price of liberty to speak the truth as each of us sees it is permitting others the same freedom."

One would have thought that at a university, of all places, that view of free speech would be unarguable—most of all at the university that gave us Holmes and Brandeis. But one returning here from abroad finds that respect for freedom of speech cannot at all be taken for granted.

Recently Edwin H. Land of the Polaroid Corporation was due to speak to the Civics Department at Harvard on color theory. There were threats to break up the meeting because Polaroid, rather than withdrawing all activity from South Africa in protest at racism, had undertaken to pay equal wages to persons of all races—a radical doctrine in South Africa. The sponsors of the lecture, in consultation with Land, decided to cancel it.

That episode left a very bad taste at Harvard. But the issue of free speech was really brought to a head by the uproar that Prof. Cox tried to calm. The meeting was a teach-in sponsored by conservative groups, one intended to counter other recent teach-ins against the Vietnam war. There were to be speakers from South Vietnam,

Thailand and the White House staff.

Before the meeting, radicals passed out circulars urging people to "come and prevent these thugs from speaking." They could not have been a more candid expression of the Marcuse view that free speech is only for those who agree with the revolution.

Others, equally opposed to the war and themselves radical critics of American society, tried to channel protest against the teach-in into rational methods. Richard Zorza, a senior, suggested that people go to the meeting, wear black armbands and stand with heads turned in silent protest. He tried to make his point at the meeting itself, but he was shouted down as noisily as Prof. Cox.

And so the know-nothings prevailed. There were 300 to 500 of them in an audience of 1,000, chanting and clapping to prevent anyone from being heard. Eventually the meeting had to be called off.

Repels Moderates

One result of such a performance, wherever it may occur in this country, will naturally be to repel people of moderate instincts. It will be to divide the growing unanimity of belief among Americans that the Vietnam war is an abomination. As protest gathers this spring, supporters of the war will be hoping for just such excesses.

Of course, one can understand what may make people insensitive to the claim of free speech. The currency of speech has been debased over many years by the lies and distortions of American military and political leaders on Vietnam. They still talk about victory in a campaign such as that in Laos when the simplest citizen can see it for the bloody mistake it was.

But it cannot be a university's answer to match deceit with deceit, or attempts at suppression of the truth with other suppressions. For a university to abandon belief in discourse—belief in the possibility of persuasion—is to abandon its function. For that reason Harvard will

now almost certainly proceed to take action against those who broke up that meeting, students and perhaps one faculty member. It will try earnestly to bring student opinion with it, but it will act despite any likely difficulties. For the university administration knows that it must begin teaching again, by example, the necessity of freedom—"Not free thought for those who agree with us," as Holmes said, "but freedom for the thought that we hate."

The Spring of Discontent

By Max Frankel

WASHINGTON.—Although President Nixon denied last week that he had just passed his winter of discontent, there is little doubt around the White House that this is his stormiest season yet.

The President is not doing well with his programs in Congress. He is not doing as well as he had hoped with the economy. His explanations of tactics in Indochina are being contested by many. And he is not doing well in the opinion polls.

It is a worse time even than last year's Cambodian spring, his aides acknowledge, because the politicians are running for cover and leaving Mr. Nixon to find his own path back to pre-eminence. Some of the President's difficulties are undoubtedly transitory. The polls will swing several more times before the 1972 election. The combat in Vietnam will diminish again and more troops will come home.

Some of the difficulties are traceable to the President's own initiatives. His proposals for welfare reform, revenue sharing and government reorganization may be twisted beyond recognition in Congress. But he can claim credit at least for igniting the debates and forcing action. Yet his troubles and opposition to his programs are being compounded because it is now widely

assumed here that he will be highly vulnerable in 1972. Even if this estimate proves wrong, it has become a political fact, emboldening the Democratic challengers and persuading even Republican leaders and members of Congress that Mr. Nixon needs them more than they need him. With hard-hat construction workers marching for their own economic reasons, side by side with anti-war protesters, there is no longer any easy White House appeal to the "silent majority."

In fact, Mr. Nixon is now saying that he must do what he is doing in spite of the opinion surveys, no longer because of them.

In 1969, the President could still reverse a low tide with a single television speech and mounds of favorable telegrams. In 1970, he bounced back quickly after Cambodia in the general tumult of the November elections. But having failed to carry the Senate last fall and, as the vote on the supermajority transport showed, not to win the House, Mr. Nixon must manage now with a dwindling political reserve. As President Johnson often observed after his party's massive losses in the 1968 congressional election, reduced dependence on the White House and successful defiance of it feed on each other, not only in the Congress, but also far beyond.

The reports from Mr. Nixon's entourage are that he has remained remarkably composed and businesslike in his private comings and goings. He has even been seen to smile. But so far, they have not even the twinges of defiance or self-pity that have shown through some of the President's recent television discourses.

It is Mr. Nixon's frank calculation that by next year he will have fashioned enough economic recovery, with diminished inflation, and a large enough withdrawal of troops from Vietnam

to let him take a proud record into the campaign on the issues that really count—peace and prosperity. There is a frank concern among some of his associates, however, that he cannot in the months afford further damage to the aura of the presidency or to his credibility with the public. They note, for instance, that the President ought to be getting considerable credit for his exertions on issues of the environment, had he not allowed the fate of the SST to become the year's great symbolic battle in terms of the environment. One it was cast that way, he was deserted by most of the Republicans in the House and more than a third in the Senate, including party leaders.

Some of Nixon's aides also note that the country could have been given a reasonable report on the fighting in Laos that would have been closer to the administration's private estimates and avoided the appearance of a daily tug-of-war between the White House and the information media.

It could have been admitted that the fighting was much harder than expected, that the North Vietnamese brought up more troops and much more armor than anyone had predicted, and the language difficulties and the weather minimized the usefulness of much of the American tactical air support for Saigon's ground troops. Mr. Nixon established himself as the commander of South Vietnamese troops well so that the whole operation cost almost as much as it cost in energy and supplies so as to make less likely any serious setback this year on the vulnerable southern portions of South Vietnam. This is not the way the war was won. Mr. Nixon was to make some unqualified statement of success while his Vice-President once again assailed the contest during media. And a good many citizens were left to wonder whether their government could be believed.

Handwritten text in a box: 150/100

U.K. to Get Radio Network of 60 Commercial Stations

By John M. Lee

LONDON, March 29 (NYT)—The Conservative government in the American sense are foreseen. The Conservative government, shortly after it took office last June, announced its intentions of permitting commercial radio stations as an alternative service to the BBC. Today's white paper sets out its plans for their organization.

However, a critic from the Labor opposition, Ivor Richard, denounced the plan as "another 60 pop stations" and "a piece of Conservative theology which is designed to try and fulfill an ill-conceived and half-baked pre-selection pledge."

He accused the Conservatives of "putting cash before standard."

The government said it would permit spot advertising on the new radio stations, but it ruled out a full-time commercial program. Neither the BBC nor television accepts commercial advertising.

Mr. Chataway, minister of posts and telecommunications, said in presenting the policy statement, it was an effort to "provide a good service of legal news and information."

Another major objective, he said, is to provide an alternate source of radio news to the BBC.

The new stations, which are to be licensed by the Independent Television Authority, will be regulated by the Independent Broadcasting Authority, and will regulate commercial radio as it does commercial television.

The government said in the white paper that the commercial radio service would be put under the Independent Television Authority, which will be renamed the Independent Broadcasting Authority, and will regulate commercial radio as it does commercial television.

Argentina Curbs Beef Consumption To Spur Exports

BUENOS AIRES, March 29 (AP)—Argentina's military government has ordered a ban, effective today, on the domestic sale of beef on the lower half of the next three months.

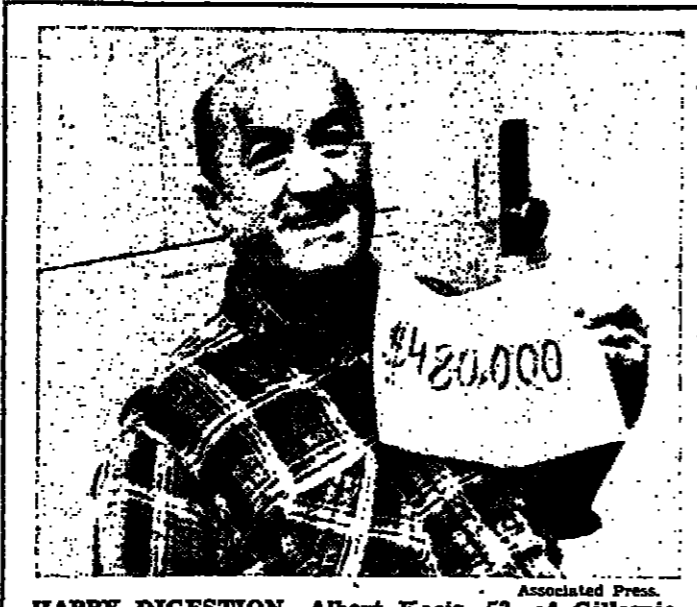
With mutton, pork, poultry and fish priced at ordinary family budgets, most people will be eating pasta in various forms during the ban.

The move was one of the first taken by Gen. Alejandro Lanusse after he ousted Gen. Roberto Maradei last Friday. It was aimed at reducing the vital beef export trade, so a trade ruined by the previous president's unsound economic policies.

The new president, who is a member of one of Argentina's leading land-owning and business families, has also ordered special credits to bankrupt meat packing companies specializing in exports.

Taipei Cuts Kuwait Tie

TAIPEI, March 29 (UPI)—Nationalist China today severed its diplomatic relations with Kuwait and closed its embassy there. Kuwait switched diplomatic recognition to Peking March 22.



HAPPY DIGESTION—Albert Koets, 53, of Gillespie, Ill., displays a note showing how much he won—\$480,000—as the super prize for the Irish Sweepstakes last week. He said his only plans for the time being were to "eat my lunch with my feet on the boss's desk" because the boss said he could do so.

Hanoi's Le Duan to Attend 24th Soviet Congress Today

(Continued from Page 7)

Moscow, both of which give Hanoi considerable political, military and economic aid.

So far, no delegation from Prince Norodom Sihanouk's Cambodian government-in-exile has arrived from Peking. Unlike North Vietnam, China and North Korea, the Russians did not sever diplomatic relations with the Lon Nol regime that overthrew the Sihanouk government. At the present time, the Lon Nol government has an operating embassy here, but the former ambassador, loyal to Prince Sihanouk, still lives in the Cambodian Embassy building.

Pravda, the Communist party paper, put the arrival of Le Duan at the head of its list of delegations that had arrived for the congress. So far, about 50 have arrived in Moscow.

Gus Hall, the head of the American Communist party, arrived Saturday. Some African countries have sent delegations to their ruling governmental, non-Communist parties.

Gierek Assails Peking's Stance Against Russia

MOSCOW, March 29 (Reuters)—Polish Communist party chief Edward Gierek, writing in Pravda today, accused China of continuing its splitting activity against the Soviet Union.

The article, appearing only a day before the Soviet Communist 24th party Congress opens, was the first phrased in such bitter language to be printed here for a long time.

Observers are still waiting to see how far the party Congress will go in condemning Chinese policies but Mr. Gierek's article could be seen as an indication it will take a tough line.

The Polish party chief wrote that recent attacks on the Soviet party and its allies showed Chinese leaders "have absolutely no intention of departing from their splitting positions."

The Chinese had been especially severe in their attacks on the Soviet Union's draft five-year plan directives, due to be discussed at the Congress, "in which they apparently see a portent of the failure of their policy and the futility of their splitting actions."

Disident Warns on Stalinism

MOSCOW, March 29 (AP)—A Soviet historian, Pyotr Yakir, who survived 17 years in Stalin's labor camps, has appealed to the Congress to halt the "dangerous tendency" to revert to Stalin's methods of terror.

Mr. Yakir, a member of Moscow's small dissident community, issued the warning in an open letter which was made available today to some Western correspondents.

"For the past few years," Mr. Yakir wrote, "a dangerous ten-

Ulster PM Vows Fairness To Catholics

Defies Party Rightists On Starting Crackdown

BELFAST, March 29 (UPI)—New Prime Minister Brian Faulkner defied Protestant hard-liners in his Unionist party today with a refusal to bear down indiscriminately on Northern Ireland's Roman Catholic minority.

"The full rigor of the law and its upholders will be used against the terrorists and troublemakers," Mr. Faulkner told the annual meeting of the 900-member Unionist Party Council.

But he said: "Don't look to me if you want a blanket condemnation of any section of the community."

"Let me make it abundantly plain that there are no get-tough-with-Catholics policies in my program. My administration will be scrupulously fair to everyone, under the law."

Mr. Faulkner became prime minister of the British province last Tuesday after Maj. James Chichester-Clark, also a moderate, resigned under pressure of Protestant militant hard-liners, who demanded the government adopt tougher measures against the outlawed Irish Republican Army.

Masked Gunmen Net \$172,000 in 2 British Homes

LONDON, March 29 (AP)—Masked men with shotguns raided two socially prominent London area homes during the week-end and escaped with \$172,000 in loot, police said today.

Saturday night, six men in stocking masks, carrying shotguns, burst into the fashionable Hampstead suburb home of Bernard Delfont, millionaire chief executive of Associated British Picture Corp. and other film companies.

His son, David, 18, arrived moments later to find the intruders had knocked out a friend named Patrick and bound both the friend and the Delfont housekeeper. Mr. and Mrs. Delfont were away for the weekend.

David, too, was tied up and the gunmen locked their three prisoners in a room overnight, fleeing in the morning with \$20,000 (\$72,000) in jewels, silver and paintings.

The next day four masked men, again with shotguns, broke into the home of Hazel Lyon, estranged wife of real estate tycoon Ronald Lyon, in Sunningdale, in the country southwest of London.

The tied up her and the housekeeper and escaped with \$20,000 (\$48,000) in jewels.

3 Die in N.Y. Inn Fire

CANANDAIGUA, N.Y., March 29 (AP)—Three people are known to have died in an intense fire that destroyed the 117-year-old Canandaigua Inn early today. Seven persons were missing and 14 were hospitalized.



LIBERATED LEADER—Kenyan opposition leader Oginga Odinga at his home after being released from 17 months of detention on order of President Jomo Kenyatta.

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Obituaries Sherman M. Fairchild, 74, Inventor, Aviation Pioneer

By Farnsworth Fowle

NEW YORK, March 29 (NYT).—Sherman Mills Fairchild, 74, a restless inventor with the imagination and personal wealth to develop major industries from his ideas, died yesterday in Roosevelt Hospital here after a long illness.

Mr. Fairchild was active to the end as chairman of Fairchild Camera and Equipment Co., which mainly manufactures semiconductor devices with a wide variety of applications. He also remained chairman of Fairchild Hiller Corp., of which Republic Aviation in Farmingdale, L. I., has been a division for several years.

Mr. Fairchild was a director of International Business Machines Corp., of which he was reputed to be the biggest single shareholder. His father, George W. Fairchild, a founder and first president of the company, left him stock worth \$2 million after his death.

He studied engineering at Columbia but never took a degree. He had been studying the problems of aerial photography, which were of great interest to the War Department in World War I.

In 1918 officials offered him \$7,000 to build a camera to their specifications; he met them at a cost of \$40,000, with his father making up the difference.

Mr. Fairchild was convinced that his aerial camera had a future. He established his own company in 1920, with his father's backing, rather than starting a career with IBM. He began applying the camera to mapmaking and established his own aerial survey company in 1924. It, too, lost money for years before becoming a highly profitable undertaking.

It was through the survey work that he branched out into aircraft manufacture, to make planes well suited to his mapmaking and charting. Characteristically his first, in 1928, included two technological innovations—an enclosed cabin and folding wings. The next year's model had two more major innovations—hydraulic brakes and landing gear.

His success attracted backers, who planned to make Fairchild Aviation Corp. the "General Motors of aviation," but business reverses and incompatibility led to a breakup of this dream in 1931. For the rest of his career, Mr. Fairchild preferred industries in which his ultimate control was complete, with management of his own choosing.

Mr. Fairchild was born in Ferrara, Italy, and graduated from the Bologna Conservatory of Music. He also studied in Paris. Among his teachers were Georges Enesco and Arturo Toscanini.

Raymond Postgate

CANTERBURY, England, March 29 (UPI)—Raymond Postgate, 74, outspoken critic of British cuisine standards and founder of the internationally known "Good Food Guide" to Britain, died here today.

A newsman and civil servant, he founded the guide 21 years ago. He was the author of some 30 books, several of them on food and wines.

Sierra Leone Seizes Abortive Coup Head

FREETOWN, Sierra Leone, March 29 (AP)—The Sierra Leone armed forces commander, Brig. John Bangura, has been arrested for plotting the abortive coup attempt last Tuesday, it was officially announced today.

Arrested with him were six other army officers, including two majors. No charges have yet been preferred against them but army sources they will be court-martialed.

Some 200 Guinean soldiers are now on Sierra Leone soil to help crush any opposition to the government of Prime Minister Siaka Stevens.

New Russian Edition of Sholem Aleichem

MOSCOW, March 29 (NYT)—A Moscow publishing house announced plans today for publication of a new Russian edition of the collected works of Sholem Aleichem, the classic Yiddish writer, in a printing of 100,000 copies.

This will be the second Russian-language edition of the six-volume works of Sholem Aleichem. A Yiddish-language edition of the collected works appeared before World War II.

Ernest F. Jensen FAIRBANKS, Alaska

March 29 (AP)—Ernest F. Jensen, 80, who came here 65 years ago as an Alaska pioneer and stayed to become publisher of one of the state's best known newspapers, died Friday.

Ethiopian Airlines introduces direct flights from Paris to Addis Abeba!

It's our birthday - our 25th. And to celebrate, we're launching our first direct flights from Paris Only to Addis Abeba. Starting March 31, there will be four a week, with stopovers in Rome. You'll fly on Boeing 707 jet jets. And you'll fly in style - surrounded by incomparable Ethiopian hospitality. And easy connections if you're going on to East Africa. Ethiopia - you really ought to go there. Ethiopian Airlines - you really ought to go with us.

On each flight, seven tons of cargo space available.

Sun	Wed	Fri	Sat	
715	705	709	729	
19.50	19.50	19.50	19.50	Paris Only
21.35	21.35	21.35		
22.30	22.30	22.30		Rome
Mon	Thurs	Sat	Sun	
08.10	08.10	08.10	07.00	Addis Abeba

ETHIOPIAN AIRLINES

Ethiopian Airlines: 26 Avenue Georges V, Paris 8^e, Tel. 720.36.65
Reservations: 720.30.65 and in all the travel agencies.

سكوات الاصل

Growth Rates In Europe Seen Sagging

UN Also Forecasts Slowdown in Trade

GENEVA, March 29 (AP)—The United Nations survey published today forecasts that economic growth rates in Western Europe will decline in 1971 for the second consecutive year, with increased private consumption carrying most of the rather modest expansion.

The UN Economic Commission for Europe survey said foreign trade growth also is likely to slacken, although Western European countries would benefit from economic recovery in the United States and other favorable factors.

Western Europe's average gross national product growth in 1971 was expected to be 3.8 percent, compared with 4.7 percent last year and 6 percent in 1969.

In nearly all countries, the main impetus to expansion in 1971 is expected to be a rising volume of private consumption, while the growth of investment remains generally expected to slacken.

Identical growth rates of 3 percent were predicted for both West Germany and France, up 10.1 percent in 1970, and imports, up 12.8 percent last year.

The survey estimated that West European exports to non-European nations would grow about 5 percent in 1971 following a 4 percent rise last year.

The survey noted that inflationary pressure in Western Europe was stronger last year than at any time since the Korean War 20 years ago.

On the average, wholesale prices of manufactured goods rose by 5.9 percent in 1970 against 4 percent in 1969. But the steepest rise in the price indicator was attributed largely to particularly fast increases in such as 11 percent in West Germany, Britain, Norway and Sweden.

Pay increases in 1970 rose more than in any other year during the past 18 years in eight industrial countries out of 13—and in most of the other countries 1968 and 1969 had seen record pay increases, the survey said.

Rolls Report: No News Yet

LONDON, March 29.—Defense Secretary Lord Carrington and attorney general Sir Peter Rawlinson today reported to the British cabinet on their talks in Washington on the future of the Rolls-Royce RB-211 engine. No statement was issued.

'Insider' Penn Central Trading Hit

By Robert J. Samuelson

WASHINGTON, March 29 (UPI)—Chase Manhattan Bank may have benefited from "insider" information in selling 436,000 shares of Penn Central stock before the railroad went bankrupt last year, a House committee staff report said yesterday.

House Banking and Currency Committee staff, covered nine major financial institutions that sold 1.8 million shares of the railroad's stock in the two and a half months preceding the bankruptcy.

Federal securities laws prohibit investors closely connected with a firm—such as its executives, its bankers, or its investment bankers—from using confidential company information for their own benefit.

Chase was a major Penn Central creditor, to the tune of \$50 million at the time of the bankruptcy, and the staff report implies that the bank's trust department may have received early information about the railroad's desperate condition from the bank's loan department.

Chase categorically denied that its Penn Central sales resulted from "insider" information. "The bank has long had an absolute policy against any flow or incidental communication of inside information," Chase said in its statement.

Set of Copper Price Rises Kicked Off by Phelps Dodge

NEW YORK, March 29 (NYT)—Phelps Dodge, the second-largest producer of U.S. primary copper, is raising the basic price of the metal by 4.7 percent effective today, to 53.375 cents a pound.

Thus, the trend of the American producer price—that, for copper mined in the United States—changed direction for the second time in less than a year.

Anacosta, Inspiration Copper and General Cable announced price hikes today that would bring them in line with the new levels set by Phelps Dodge. There was no immediate word from the industry giant, Kennecott.

The higher price for U.S. copper was not unexpected because copper quotations on commodity futures markets and the London Metal Exchange—which plunged as low as 44 cents a pound earlier this year—had lately recovered, to between 53 cents and 55 cents a pound.

Today, reacting to the weekend news of the Phelps Dodge hike, the London quote jumped 3 percent to the equivalent of 56.3 cents a pound.

Copper executives said the principal reason for the increase was undoubtedly the upward trend of world demand and prices. This trend was attributed to several factors:

Many copper users, seeking to show healthy cash balances in their financial statements at the end of 1970, postponed purchases until the beginning of 1971.

Trade Deficit Shrinks in Italy

ROME, March 29 (Reuters)—Italy's trade deficit dropped to 61 billion lire (\$97.8 million) in February, 1970, and 110 billion in January, according to provisional figures from the Central Statistical Institute (CSI).

'Massively Deceptive' Lobbying Effort Seen on Behalf of U.S. Rails

WASHINGTON, March 29.—U.S. railroads are about to begin a "massively deceptive" lobbying effort to obtain congressional approval of a 10-year, \$36 billion subsidy, Sen. Lee Metcalf, D., Mont., told the Senate today.

Sen. Metcalf said that ASTRO—America's Sound Transportation Review Organization—will seek tax credit, tax exemption, rapid tax writeoffs, loan guarantees, low-interest loans, authority for automatic rate increases and more freedom to abandon service.

He said ASTRO will cite nationalization as the probable alternative if Congress does not approve the aid and will tell Congress this will cost \$60 billion—a figure, he charged, that came from a paper done by two Harvard business students and is far too high.

Spokesmen for the Association of American Railroads immediately replied that the \$36 billion was only an estimate of money needed for capital investments during the next 11 years. Federal funds would amount to \$12 billion, the AAR said.

He identified former Sen. George Smathers, D., Fla., and former astronaut Wally Schirra as among the "main ASTRO spokesmen."

These copper users in many cases are building larger inventories than normal against the possibility of a strike next summer, when existing three-year labor contracts expire.

There are scattered indications of recovery in some of copper's important markets, including the automotive and construction industries.

The unrest and uncertainty in Peru and Chile, the two nations that supply most U.S. copper imports, might be indicating to some buyers the long-term possibility of shortages.

U.S. Copper Producer Price Cents per pound

PEOPLE IN BUSINESS

Guy de Rothschild has been appointed chairman of Sté. Le Nickel, replacing Louis Devaux, effective in June. Bernard de Visme takes over from Mr. Rothschild as chairman of Le Nickel affiliate Sté. Penaroya.

Fred E. Siden has been named director, international development, and Brussels-based European coordinator of operations for Koppner-Tregoe, a management training specialists with office in Britain, Germany and France.

U.S. Camera Publishing Corp. has announced William A. Krauss's appointment as Paris editor of its new publication Travel & Leisure.

In a letter accompanying the staff report, Rep. Wright Patman, D., Texas, chairman of the Banking and Currency Committee, strongly criticized the Interstate Commerce Commission, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Nixon administration, and the financial press for not divulging the seriousness of the Penn Central's financial position to the general public.

Those who bought Penn Central stock early in 1970 and have since seen its value plummet "can rightfully feel that they were victims of a massive shell game [ruse] carried on by financial entities in a position to know the innermost financial secrets of the Penn Central organization," Rep. Patman wrote.

He added that "this report will be transmitted to the appropriate federal and state agencies."

IDS Cited

Aside from Chase, the report also singled out Investors Diversified Services, which manages six major mutual funds with combined assets of more than \$5 billion. IDS is effectively controlled by Alleghany Corp. until March, 1970, Fred M. Kirby, chairman of IDS and of Alleghany, also served on the Penn Central board.

During late May, according to the staff report, Alleghany, IDS, and a mutual fund managed by IDS sold 488,000 shares of stock. Other financial institutions (and their Penn Central stock sales between May 1 and June 21) included:



Guy de Rothschild

NEW YORK, March 29.—Prices on the New York stock exchange drifted throughout the session today and closed little changed as volume fell to 13.65 million shares from Friday's moderate 15.56 million.

The Dow Jones industrial average closed unchanged at 903.35, with the other Dow averages—transportation, utilities, and 65 stocks—showing only token changes. Advances and declines for the entire NYSE list were just about even, with some bias on the upside.

Brokers said many investors were inactive and traders were apparently waiting for signs that the market had completed its downward readjustment. Technically, they said, the market appeared to be operating from a firm base.

But, noting some accelerated selling near the close, which pushed the Exchange tape one minute late, one analyst said, "The market appears to be correcting again."

Late in the afternoon, the Joint Economic Committee recommended greater fiscal stimulus for the economy. Additionally, President Nixon announced a system of constraints to stabilize wages and prices in the construction industry.

Union Corp. topped the active list and gained 1 5/8 to 13 3/4. The advance was attributed to the company's work toward development of a soft contact lens.

Bausch and Lomb was active and scored a 4 3/4-point gain to 89 3/4 after being ahead as much as 7 3/4 during the day. Bausch is the only company thus far to gain U.S. government approval for a soft contact lens.

Boeing was actively traded and down 1 1/8 at 19 1/2 apparently continuing to react to the recently defeated supersonic transport project.

Abbott Laboratories, which has declined somewhat since suspension of the company's intravenous product sales, attracted bargain hunters and gained 1 1/4 to 74.

A new round of copper price boosts helped Phelps Dodge, up 1 7/8 to 44 3/8; Newmont, up 1 1/8 to 34 1/8; Anaconda, ahead 5/8 to 21 7/8 and Inspiration, ahead two points to 47 1/4.

Traders Waiting for a Sign N.Y. Prices Drift, Trading Volume Shrinks

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In the glamour group, IBM slipped 1 1/2 to 366 1/2 and Avon Products was down 7/8 at 95 1/8, but Xerox rose 1 1/4 to 104 1/8 and Polaroid was up 3/8 at 92 1/4.

On the American Stock Exchange, the index closed up 0.01 at 26.03, but advances trailed declines by a four-to-three margin. Volume was just over 4 million shares.

Unexcelled topped the active list and gained 5/8 to 9 1/8. Despite a report of higher profits, Puritan Fashion ended 5/8 to 27 3/8.

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FINANCIAL NEWS AND NOTES

Bethlehem Confirms Chilean Sale

Bethlehem Steel Corp. has confirmed the sale of its iron mines in Chile to the Chilean government, but it refused comment on the sale price, reported to be about \$30 million. Chile has also increased its interest in a radio and television-making subsidiary of RCA Corp. to 51 from 33.5 percent, the government announced.

U.K. Chrysler May Shop in Japan

Chrysler (U.K.) Ltd. says it is considering the possibility of importing some electrical components from Japan as part of its policy of seeking materials sources outside Britain. However, the company denied press reports that this is related to Chrysler Corp.'s plans to take a 35 percent holding in Mitsubishi Motor Corp.

Machine Tool Orders Rise in U.S.

Machine tool orders in February rose more than 9 percent above the January rate, but remained far below the year-ago level. The National Machine Tool Builders Association said February new orders totaled \$93 million, up from \$84.3 million in January but well under the \$95 million rate reported for February, 1970.

Japanese Productivity Growing

Japanese labor productivity in 1970 rose 13.9 percent from 1969, marking the fifth consecutive increase of more than 10 percent, the Japan Productivity Center reported. The rate was below the 17.6 percent nominal wage growth from 1969 to 1970, announced earlier by the Labor Ministry. Officials said productivity continued on a high level in the January-September period in 1970, but turned downward for the remainder of the year.

Japan-Hungary Knitwear Plan

C. Itoh and Co., a Japanese trading company and state-owned Hungarotex Co. have agreed in principle to build a knitwear factory in Budapest. The factory would be owned by the Hungarian firm. The plant, including machinery, would be supplied by C. Itoh against repayment from production.

U.S.-Japan Glass Fiber Unit Set

Unitika Ltd., of Japan, says it plans to establish a joint glass fiber firm in Kyoto with United Merchants and Manufacturers Inc. (UMMI) of New York, subject to Japanese government approval. The new firm, to be known as Unitika UMMI Ltd., will be owned initially 65 percent by Unitika and 35 percent by UMMI, but the U.S. firm is entitled to increase its ownership to 49 percent, the officials said. The new firm will make up to 600 tons of glass fiber and related products monthly and sell them in Japan and Southeast Asia.

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Japanese Productivity Growing

Ford Recalls All Its Pintos

DEARBORN, Michigan, March 29 (AP-DP)—Ford Motor said today it will recall about 204,000 of its 1971 Pinto models, or all those produced through March 19, for modification to prevent possible fires.

The company said its investigation of 90 to 100 reported cases disclosed the possibility of fires starting existed because the vapors in the air cleaner could be ignited by a backfire through the carburetor.

Ford said most cases occurred when cars were started after having been parked. A Ford spokesman declined to indicate the cost of the recall, but said warmer climates "might be an aggravating factor as the reports seem to be concentrated in Florida, California, or along the Gulf Coast."

The recall follows the October call-back of 26,000 Pinto models for inspection and possible modification of the accelerator system. The Pinto, a recent entry in Ford's answer to the small foreign cars that have made significant inroads in the U.S. market.

Company Reports

Table with 2 columns: Year, Revenue (millions), Profits (millions), Per Share

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Virginia Electric and Power Company \$7.45 Dividend Preferred Stock (Cumulative, \$100 Par Value) Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated

PACIFIC SEABOARD FUND N.V. ANNUAL REPORT Notice is hereby given that the Annual Report of the Corporation for the year ended 31st December, 1970, may be obtained from any of the Paying Agents listed below.

UNITED STATES TRUST INVESTMENT FUND THE PEOPLE RESPONSIBLE MAKE THE DIFFERENCE Information office: Financière UST, S.A. 7 Avenue Krieg, 1208 Geneva, Switzerland

Mutual Fund DRAMATIC CAPITAL LOSS IN YOUR PORTFOLIO? WE COULD HAVE PROTECTED YOU IF IT HADN'T BEEN FOR US!

Belgian Prices Rising BRUSSELS, March 29 (AP-DP)—The Belgian consumer price index rose 0.49 point this month to 117.23.

New York Stock Exchange Trading

Table of stock trading data for New York Stock Exchange, including columns for stock names, prices, and volume.

Table of stock trading data for other exchanges, including columns for stock names, prices, and volume.

U.S. Commodity Prices

Table of U.S. Commodity Prices listing various goods and their current market prices.

Market Summary

Market Summary table providing a snapshot of market activity, including indices and key stock prices.

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Advertisement for SHIELDS & COMPANY, S.A., featuring text about their Swiss subsidiary and contact information.

Advertisement for Dow Jones Averages and Standard & Poor's, providing information on their financial data services.

Advertisement for Finance, a newspaper in Europe, highlighting its financial advertising and market news.

Advertisement for GERARD C. JAKOB, Director of SHIELDS & COMPANY, S.A., with contact details.

Advertisement for First General Resources Company, a public company established in 1962, with details on its resources and services.

Advertisement for Finance, a newspaper in Europe, highlighting its financial advertising and market news.

New York Stock Exchange Trading

Table of New York Stock Exchange trading data, including columns for stock symbols, prices, and volume. Includes sub-sections for 'R-S-T' and 'W-X-Y-Z'.

Amerada Hess Corporation \$150,000,000 6 3/4% Subordinated Debentures Due 1996 with Warrants to Purchase 900,000 Shares of Capital Stock of The Louisiana Land and Exploration Company. Includes a list of financial advisors.

Advertisement for Trans-Lux Personal Ticker. Features an image of a person using the device and text describing its benefits for tracking stock and share prices.

ONCE YOU STAY AT A HILTON INTERNATIONAL YOU'LL FIND REASONS TO TRY THEM ALL. LONDON, PARIS, ORLY, BERLIN, DÜSSELDORF, MAINZ, BRUSSELS, ROTTERDAM, AMSTERDAM, MADRID, ZÜRICH, MARBELLA, ROME, ATHENS, CYPRUS, ISTANBUL, MALTA, KUWAIT, TEHRAN, TEL AVIV, RABAT, TUNIS, NAIROBI, ADDIS ABABA, MADAGASCAR, BANGKOK, HONGKONG, MANILA, SINGAPORE, TOKYO... and 23 other fine Hilton International hotels around the world.

American Stock Exchange Trading

Table of American stock exchange trading with columns for stock symbols, prices, and volume. Includes sub-sections A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, J, K, L, M, N, O, P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y, Z.

Table of international stock exchange trading with columns for stock symbols, prices, and volume. Includes sub-sections A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, J, K, L, M, N, O, P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y, Z.

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation

Highlights from The Chairman's Statement for the year 1970. Text describing the bank's performance and financial results.

Mr. J. A. Saunders, Chairman, speaking to shareholders on 26 March 1971 reported that 1970 had been a most satisfactory year for the Hongkong Bank. Mercantile Bank surpassed its record profit of the previous year by nearly one fifth. The British Bank of the Middle East expanded its resources satisfactorily despite continued uncertainties in its main area of operations...

Table showing financial data for The Hongkong Bank Group for 1968, 1969, and 1970. Columns include Issued Share Capital, Reserve Fund, Undistributed Profit, Deposits, Advances, Bank Premises, Net Profit, and Total Assets.

The Bank has offices or subsidiaries in: London, Hamburg, Paris, Geneva, New York, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Sydney and Vancouver and across Asia and North Africa. Amongst the Bank's subsidiaries are: Mercantile Bank, The British Bank of the Middle East, Hong Seng Bank in Hong Kong, The Hongkong Bank of California, Hongkong Finance of Sydney, and British Acceptance Corporation of Vancouver.

This is to announce that on March 25, 1971 The First Boston Corporation became a member of the New York Stock Exchange, Inc. The text provides details about the corporation's history and its new status.

Advertisement for The First Boston Corporation. Includes the company logo, name, and list of offices: NEW YORK BOSTON CHICAGO CLEVELAND LONDON PHILADELPHIA PITTSBURGH SAN FRANCISCO ZURICH.

American Stock Exchange Trading

Table of American stock exchange trading with columns for High, Low, Last, and Change for various stocks.

European Markets

Table of European market data including Amsterdam, Brussels, London, Zurich, and other regional indices.

International Bonds Traded in Europe

Table of international bonds traded in Europe, listing various bond issues and their prices.

Foreign Stock Indexes

Table of foreign stock indexes from various countries including Amsterdam, London, Paris, and Tokyo.

Toronto Stocks

Table of Toronto stock market data with columns for High, Low, Last, and Change.

Mutual Funds

Table of mutual fund performance data, listing various funds and their returns.

European Gold Markets

Table of European gold market data, including prices for London, Zurich, and other locations.

Montreal Stocks

Table of Montreal stock market data with columns for High, Low, Last, and Change.

One Dollar

Table of exchange rates for one dollar against various international currencies.

Eurodollars

Table of Eurodollar market data, including interest rates and exchange rates.

PROPERTY SYNDICATE

Text advertisement for a property syndicate, detailing investment opportunities and contact information.

ELLIS AG ZUERICH

Advertisement for Ellis AG in Zurich, listing services and contact details.

BANK WIDEMANN & CO. AG

Advertisement for Bank Widemann & Co. AG, a Swiss bank, listing services and contact information.

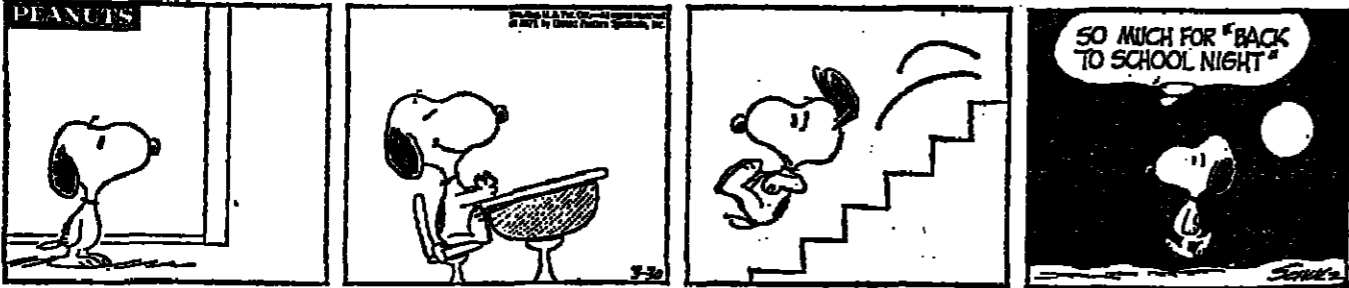
General American Transportation Corporation

Large advertisement for General American Transportation Corporation, featuring a \$20,000,000 offering and listing various international branches.

Advertisement for 11% interest plus free life insurance, offered by Atlantic Trust Company.

Advertisement for 'People are making money speculating in stamps are you?', featuring a stamp collection and contact information.

PEANUTS



B.C.



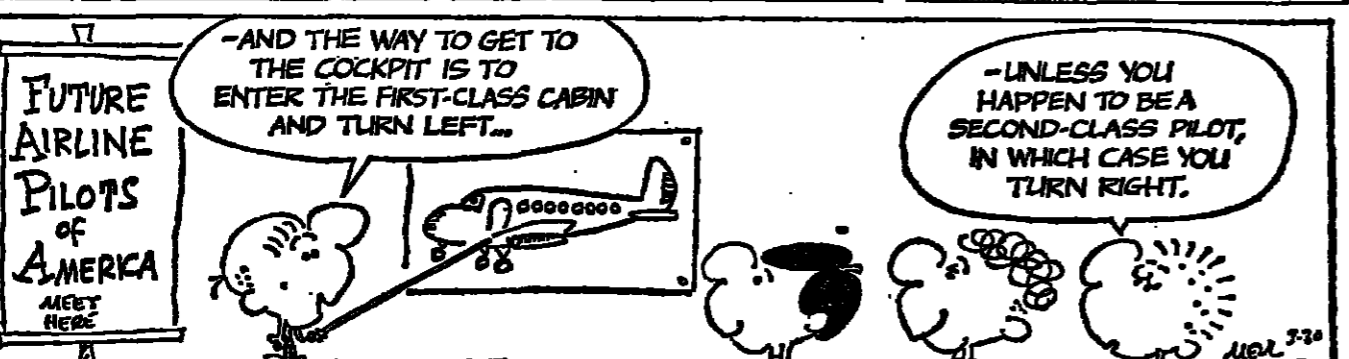
L.I.L. ABNER



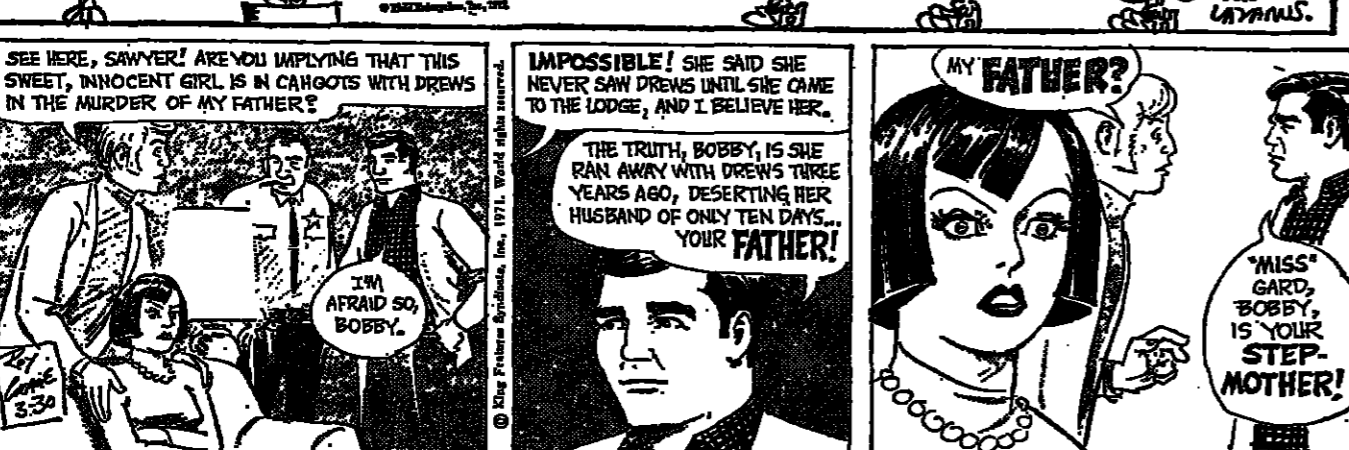
BEE TLE BAILEY



MISS PEACH



BUZZ SAWYER



WIZARD of ID



REX MORGAN M.D.



POGO



RIP KIRBY



BLONDIE



BRIDGE

By Alan Truscott

Small spot cards occasionally have highly significant roles to play. Looking at the diagrammed deal, one would not suppose that North's heart six was the crucial card. The five would not have been high enough, as the play demonstrated.

The first three bids were obvious ones, but the precise meaning of the jump to three hearts is not clear. In this case the bid was forcing, so South had no option but to go to game.

West led the diamond king and South won with the ace in dummy. He led a diamond to his eight and West won with the queen, concealing the jack.

At this point West went astray by shifting to spades. South took full advantage of the opportunity offered to him. He captured the spade nine with the queen, cashed his remaining spade with the heart deuce in dummy. The club seven was led. East put up the ace and rid himself of the lead by playing the queen. After winning with the king, South was on lead in this position:

Bridge hand diagram showing North, South, West, and East cards.

Neither side was vulnerable. The bidding: South West North East 1 ♠ Pass 1 ♠ Pass 1 ♥ Pass 3 ♥ Pass 4 ♥ Pass Pass Pass West led the diamond king.

DENNIS THE MENACE



'HOME-MADE PEANUT BUTTER TASTES FUNNY!'

JUMBLE - that scrambled word game

Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

Jumble puzzle with words GURPE, YULST, BLOORE, RAJAUG and a cartoon illustration.

Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

BOOKS

THE BUSHWHACKED PIANO

By Thomas McGuane. Simon & Schuster. 220 pp. \$5.95. Reviewed by Robert F. Jones

MADNESS, it has been maintained, is a fit subject only for the pathologist. But in a society where madness often seems to be the norm, where culture and counterculture vie with one another to produce the maximum absurdity, the novelist himself a bit of a madman by tradition—becomes the pathologist.

His first novel, "The Sporting Club," was set in Hemingway country—the dark woods and white water of Michigan—but its delicious humor was pure Marx Brothers. At McGuane's touch, the somber Hemingway code of grace under pressure exploded like an overheated Coke bottle under a fusillade of war bullets and prankish exhibitionism.

Unfortunately, everything in "The Bushwhacked Piano" happens and happens all at once. The book falls into the self-important suburbs of Detroit, he sees the world as it isn't. He snipes a neighbor's piano from ambush with his 22 rifle and is dragged into his victim's presence to witness the damage he has done.

Best Sellers

Table of Best Sellers from The New York Times, listing books like 'The Execution' and 'The Underdog Man'.

CROSSWORD

By Will Weng

Crossword puzzle grid with across and down clues.

Crossword puzzle grid with circled letters for the jumble answer.

Handwritten signature or text at the bottom of the page.

In California Prix

Andretti's Ferrari Leads Rout of American Cars

By John S. Radosta

Of the first ten cars in each heat, only two were Formula A machines. Formula One cars are precise all-out racing machines with 3-litre engines and a long tradition of outstanding development.



WILLIE SAYS OUCH!—Willie Mays of San Francisco Giants hits the dirt after foul tip off his bat hit his foot in recent exhibition game.

Phils to Rely on New 'Whiz Kid'

CLEARWATER, Fla., March 29 (AP)—Bright red shoes, wall-to-wall Astroturf in the stadium's newest showman, a clean bill of health and a whiz kid who's making Frank Lucchesi forget Curt Flood.

RED SMITH

Views of Sport: Champions' Bench

CLEARWATER, Fla.—The Reds had come over from Tampa early so the guys who weren't scheduled to play in the regular exhibition could work out in a morning game against Phillies of the same description.



Red Smith

Beats Trevino in Airlines

Player Wins by Two For Second Straight

MIAMI, March 29 (NYT)—Gary Player, whom Lee Trevino calls "the man in black," won for the second straight week on the pro golf tour yesterday as he took the \$300,000 National Airlines Open by two strokes with a 72-hole total of 274.

"I'm a foreigner," he told the crowd gathered for the presentation of the \$40,000 winner's check at the Country Club of Miami, "but the way you people treat me here, you make me feel at home."

Newcombe Tops Ashe to Win \$10,000 Purse

CHICAGO, March 29 (UPI)—Australian John Newcombe overcame a slow start yesterday to defeat Arthur Ashe 4-6, 7-6, 6-2, 6-2 and win the \$50,000 Spaulding International tennis tournament.

Australia Wins Zone

HONG KONG, March 29 (AP)—Australia's tennis team completed a 5-0 sweep over Hong Kong today as it did not lose a set in their Davis Cup Eastern Zone section A encounter here.

European Swimmers Fail To Make Splash in NCAA

AMES, Iowa, March 29 (AP)—The European stars who came to school in the United States to train for the 1972 Olympics got a sharp lesson from Indiana University in the National Collegiate Athletic Association swimming and diving championships last weekend.

Winning Doesn't Excite UCLA

HOUSTON, March 29 (UPI)—The UCLA players were happy to win, but they were not excited. They came to the victory Saturday, losing 69-62, but they were not excited.

Manchester City Denies Allegation Team Took Dope

MANCHESTER, England, March 29 (Reuters)—Manchester City manager Joe Mercer today laughed off allegations by Gornik president Ernest Wyrta that City players were doped in last week's European soccer cup winners cup quarter-final match.

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Russia Routs Finland, Increases Hockey Lead

GENEVA, March 29 (AP)—The Soviet Union defeated Sweden 1-0 tonight and virtually handed the Soviet Union the ninth straight world hockey title.

Cavaliers Take Carr to Open NBA Draft

NEW YORK, March 29 (AP)—The Cleveland Cavaliers made Austin Carr, Notre Dame's 6-foot-10 All-American, the first pick today in the National Basketball Association college draft.

Frazier Steals the Knicks To 2-1 Advantage in Series

ATLANTA, March 29 (NYT)—On the strength of a 63-41 second half that displayed their famous defense in top form, the New York Knicks took a 2-1 lead in their National Basketball Association first-round playoff series by beating the Atlanta Hawks, 110-85, before a capacity crowd of 17,182 last night.

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LE SABOT DE BERNARD. Le Restaurant chic du soir à Saint-Germain-des-Près. 3 Rue du Sabot - Tel: 222-84-70 et son PETIT BISTROT au 6 de la même rue - Tel: 222-51-75 CLUB DISCOTHEQUE

PARIS AMUSEMENTS. booking is now open for the 15 exceptional performances (starting April 15 to April 28).

JERRY LEWIS for the first time in Europe with FREDA PAYNE. 28, bd des Capucines - Paris

THE NIGHT CLUB OF THE CHAMPS-ELYSEES. Pussycat. The most exciting Parisian Girls Floor show - Dance

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